

Current Sensor HCMR 1000A-S-50-SB5-NF



Part number	20 31 100 8101
Specification	Current Sensor HCMR 1000A-S-50-SB5- NF
HARTING eCatalogue	https://b2b.harting.com/20311008101

Image is for illustration purposes only. Please refer to product description.

Identification

Series	HCMR		
Element	Current sensor		
Sensor technology	Hall-Effekt Closed loop		
Features	Hall effect compensated current sensorMeasurable currents: AC, DC, pulsed, mixedHigh accuracy over the entire measuring rangeGalvanic insulation between primary and secondary currentInternal screen between primary and secondary circuitSwitchboard mountingHousing material and potting mass have a flammability rating UL 94 V-0Applications: frequency converters, electrical drives, auxiliary converters		
Version			
Field of application	Railway version		
Termination	4x screw lock with Faston (6.3 x 0.8 mm)		
Technical characteristics			
I _{PN} Nominal primary current	1,000 A		
I _{PM} Primary current, measuring range	0 ±2,400 A		
R _M Measuring resistance @ I _{PM max} , U _{C max} , T _{A max}	2 Ω For other primary currents see diagram.		
I _{SN} Nominal secondary current	200 mA		
K _N Turns ratio	1 : 5000		
U _C Power supply	±15 ±24 V ±5 %		

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Technical characteristics

I _C Current consumption @ U _{C min}	20 mA + I _S	
X Overall accuracy @ I _{PN} , T _A = 25 °C	±0.4 %	
E _L Linearity	<0.1 %	
I _O Offset current @ I _P = 0 A, T _A = 25 °C	±0.5 mA	
I_{OT} maximum temperature drift of I_{O}	±0.8 mA	
t _r Response time @ I _{PN}	<1 µs	
di/dt with optimal coupling	>100 A/µs	
f Frequency	0 100 kHz	
T _A Ambient temperature	-40 +85 °C	
T _S Storage temperature	-45 +90 °C	
R _S Secondary coil resistance @ T _{A max}	44 Ω	
U _D Test voltage, effective (50 Hz, 1 min)	12 kV Primary - secondary 1 kV Secondary - screen	
U_{St} Rated impulse voltage (1,2/50 $\mu\text{s})$	20 kV	
U _B Rated voltage	2,000 V	
Overvoltage category	III	
Pollution degree	2	
L _s Clearance distance	50 mm	
K _s Creepage distance	50.5 mm	
Tightening torque	4 Nm (4x steel screw M5 - Vertical)	
Material properties		
Material (hood/housing)	Polycarbonate (PC)	
Material flammability class acc. to UL 94	V-0	
RoHS	compliant with exemption	
RoHS exemptions	6(a) / 6(a)-I: Lead as an alloying element in steel for machining purposes and in galvanised steel containing up to 0,35 % lead by weight / Lead as an alloying element in steel for machining purposes containing up to 0,35 % lead by weight and in batch hot dip galvanised steel components containing up to 0,2 % lead by weight	
ELV status	compliant with exemption	
China RoHS	50	

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Material properties

REACH Annex XVII substances	No
REACH ANNEX XIV substances	No
REACH SVHC substances	Yes
REACH SVHC substances	Lead

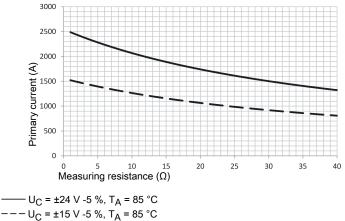
Specifications and approvals

Specifications	EN 50155 IEC 61373
Approvals	DNV GL
UL / CSA	UL 508 NMTR2.E359667 CSA-C22.2 No. 14-13 NMTR8.E359667
CE	Yes

Commercial data

Packaging size	1
Net weight	945 g
Country of origin	Germany
European customs tariff number	90303370
eCl@ss	27210902 Current transformer

Measuring resistance



Primary currents higher than I_{PM} only for peak!

Remark

- If I_P flows in the direction of the arrow I_S is positive.
- Over currents (»IPN) or the missing of the supply voltage can cause an additional permanent magnetic offset.
- The temperature of the primary conductor may not exceed 100 °C.

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Safety note



These transformers may only be used in electrical or power electronic applications which fulfill the relevant regulations (standards, EMC requirements,...).

Caution, risk of electric shock



- Pay attention to protect non-insulated high-power current carrying parts against direct contact (e.g. with a protective enclosure).

- When installing this sensor please make sure that the safe separation (between primary circuit and secondary circuit) is maintained over the whole circuits and their connections.

- The sensor may only be connected to a power supply respecting the SELV/PELV protective regulations according to EN 50 178. The installation of the power supply must be short-circuit-proof.

- Disconnecting the main power must be possible.

- The current sensors support a safe separation. The creepage and clearance distances are taken as a basis for the rated voltage. They are the shortest distance between the secondary connection and the sensor's window. The actual clearance and creepage distances depend on the position of the primary conductor respectively on the actual shortest distance between the primary conductor and the secondary connection.