

## Current Sensor HCMR 2000A-S-50-SB5-N



Image is for illustration purposes only. Please refer to product description.

Part number	20 31 200 9101
Specification	Current Sensor HCMR 2000A-S-50-SB5-N
HARTING eCatalogue	<a href="https://b2b.harting.com/20312009101">https://b2b.harting.com/20312009101</a>

### Identification

Series	HCMR
Element	Current sensor
Sensor technology	Hall-Effekt Closed loop
Features	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Hall effect compensated current sensor</li> <li>Measurable currents: AC, DC, pulsed, mixed ...</li> <li>High accuracy over the entire measuring range</li> <li>Galvanic insulation between primary and secondary current</li> <li>Internal screen between primary and secondary circuit</li> <li>Switchboard mounting</li> <li>Housing material and potting mass have a flammability rating UL 94 V-0</li> <li>Applications: frequency converters, electrical drives, auxiliary converters</li> </ul>

### Version

Field of application	Railway version
Termination	4x screw lock with Faston (6.3 x 0.8 mm)

### Technical characteristics

$I_{PN}$ Nominal primary current	2,000 A
$I_{PM}$ Primary current, measuring range	0 ... $\pm 3,600$ A
$R_M$ Measuring resistance @ $I_{PM \max}$ , $U_C \max$ , $T_A \max$	2 $\Omega$ For other primary currents see diagram.
$I_{SN}$ Nominal secondary current	400 mA
$K_N$ Turns ratio	1 : 5000
$U_C$ Power supply	$\pm 15$ ... $\pm 24$ V $\pm 5$ %



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## Technical characteristics

$I_C$ Current consumption @ $U_{C \min}$	20 mA + $I_S$
X Overall accuracy @ $I_{PN}$ , $T_A = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	$\pm 0.3 \%$
$E_L$ Linearity	$< 0.1 \%$
$I_O$ Offset current @ $I_P = 0 \text{ A}$ , $T_A = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	$\pm 0.5 \text{ mA}$
$I_{OT}$ maximum temperature drift of $I_O$	$\pm 1 \text{ mA}$
$t_r$ Response time @ $I_{PN}$	$< 1 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$
di/dt with optimal coupling	$> 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$
f Frequency	0 ... 100 kHz
$T_A$ Ambient temperature	$-40 \dots +85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
$T_S$ Storage temperature	$-45 \dots +90 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
$R_S$ Secondary coil resistance @ $T_{A \max}$	28 $\Omega$
$U_D$ Test voltage, effective (50 Hz, 1 min)	12 kV Primary - secondary 1.5 kV Secondary - screen
$U_{St}$ Rated impulse voltage (1,2/50 $\mu\text{s}$ )	20 kV
$U_B$ Rated voltage	2,000 V
Overvoltage category	III
Pollution degree	2
$L_S$ Clearance distance	52.9 mm
$K_S$ Creepage distance	54.9 mm
Tightening torque	4.2 Nm (4x steel screw M6 - Vertical) 4.2 Nm (4x steel screw M6 - Horizontal)

## Material properties

Material (hood/housing)	Polycarbonate (PC)
Material flammability class acc. to UL 94	V-0
RoHS	compliant
ELV status	compliant
China RoHS	e
REACH Annex XVII substances	No
REACH ANNEX XIV substances	No



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## Material properties

REACH SVHC substances No

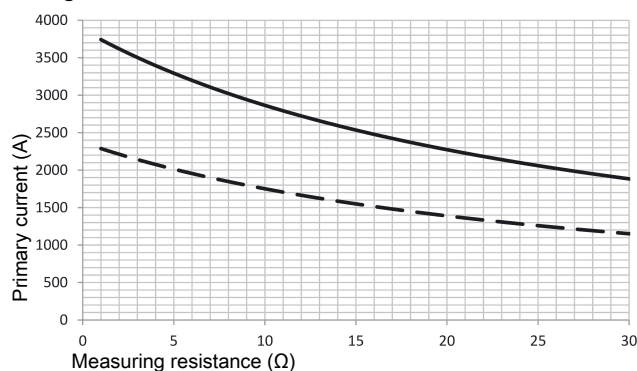
## Specifications and approvals

Specifications	EN 50155 IEC 61373
Approvals	DNV GL
UL / CSA	UL 508 NMTR2.E359667 CSA-C22.2 No. 14-13 NMTR8.E359667
CE	Yes

## Commercial data

Packaging size	1
Net weight	1,769 g
Country of origin	Germany
European customs tariff number	90303370
eCl@ss	27210902 Current transformer

## Measuring resistance



—  $U_C = \pm 24 \text{ V} - 5 \%$ ,  $T_A = 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

- - -  $U_C = \pm 15 \text{ V} - 5 \%$ ,  $T_A = 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Primary currents higher than  $I_{PM}$  only for peak!

## Remark

- If  $I_P$  flows in the direction of the arrow  $I_S$  is positive.
- Over currents ( $\gg I_{PN}$ ) or the missing of the supply voltage can cause an additional permanent magnetic offset.
- The temperature of the primary conductor may not exceed  $100 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ .
- To achieve specified accuracy level in the temperature range of  $-40 \dots -35 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  a warm up time of typically 20 minutes is recommended.



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#### Safety note



These transformers may only be used in electrical or power electronic applications which fulfill the relevant regulations (standards, EMC requirements,...).

#### Caution, risk of electric shock



- Pay attention to protect non-insulated high-power current carrying parts against direct contact (e.g. with a protective enclosure).
- When installing this sensor please make sure that the safe separation (between primary circuit and secondary circuit) is maintained over the whole circuits and their connections.
- The sensor may only be connected to a power supply respecting the SELV/PELV protective regulations according to EN 50 178. The installation of the power supply must be short-circuit-proof.
- Disconnecting the main power must be possible.
- The current sensors support a safe separation. The creepage and clearance distances are taken as a basis for the rated voltage. They are the shortest distance between the secondary connection and the sensor's window. The actual clearance and creepage distances depend on the position of the primary conductor respectively on the actual shortest distance between the primary conductor and the secondary connection.