

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	Scrubs Hand Sanitizer Gel
Other means of identification	
Part Number	42908, 42912, 42901
Recommended use	Not available.
Recommended restrictions	None known.
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/E	Distributor information
Manufacturer	
Company name	ITW Pro Brands
Address	805 E. Old 56 Highway
	Olathe, KS 66061
Country	(U.S.A.)
	Tel: +1 800-443-9536
In Case of Emergency	1-800-535-5053 (Infotrac)

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards
Health hazards
Environmental hazards
OSHA defined hazards
Label elements



Flammable liquids

Not classified. Not classified. Not classified. Category 3

Signal word	Warning
Hazard statement	Flammable liquid and vapor.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.
Response	If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	None known.
Supplemental information	None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures			
Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Ethyl Alcohol		64-17-5	60 - 65
4. First-aid measures			
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.		
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing attention if irritation develops and persists.	. Rinse skin with water/showe	er. Get medical

Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Headache. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Coughing.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital.
General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Flammable liquid and vapor.
6. Accidental release meas	sures
Personal precautions,	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all
protective equipment and emergency procedures	ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
protective equipment and	ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal
protective equipment and emergency procedures Methods and materials for	ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from
protective equipment and emergency procedures Methods and materials for	ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways. Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product
protective equipment and emergency procedures Methods and materials for	 ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways. Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers
protective equipment and emergency procedures Methods and materials for	 ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways. Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
protective equipment and emergency procedures Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways. Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
protective equipment and emergency procedures Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways. Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air (Components	Type	Value	
CYCLOHEXANE (CAS 110-82-7)	PEL	1050 mg/m3	
-		300 ppm	
Ethyl Acetate (CAS 141-78-6)	PEL	1400 mg/m3	
		400 ppm	
Ethyl Alcohol (CAS 64-17-5)	PEL	1900 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
t-Butanol (CAS 75-65-0)	PEL	300 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values			
Components	Туре	Value	
ACRYLIC ACID (CAS 79-10-7)	TWA	2 ppm	
CYCLOHEXANE (CAS 110-82-7)	TWA	100 ppm	
Ethyl Acetate (CAS 141-78-6)	TWA	400 ppm	
Ethyl Alcohol (CAS 64-17-5)	STEL	1000 ppm	
t-Butanol (CAS 75-65-0)	TWA	100 ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemi Components	cal Hazards Type	Value	
ACRYLIC ACID (CAS 79-10-7)	TWA	6 mg/m3	
,		2 ppm	
CYCLOHEXANE (CAS 110-82-7)	TWA	1050 mg/m3	
		300 ppm	
Ethyl Acetate (CAS 141-78-6)	TWA	1400 mg/m3	
		400 ppm	
Ethyl Alcohol (CAS 64-17-5)	TWA	1900 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
t-Butanol (CAS 75-65-0)	STEL	450 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
	TWA	300 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
ogical limit values No bio	ological exposure limit	ts noted for the ingredient(s).	
osure guidelines			
US - California OELs: Skin designa	tion		
Acrylic Acid (CAS 79-10-7)		Can be absorbed through the skin.	
US - Tennessee OELs: Skin design	ation	-	
Acrylic Acid (CAS 79-10-7) US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values:	Skin designation	Can be absorbed through the skin.	
Acrylic Acid (CAS 79-10-7)		Can be absorbed through the skin.	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to (Chemical Hazards: Skin designation
Acrylic Acid (CAS 79-10-7	7) Can be absorbed through the skin.
Appropriate engineering controls	Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.
Individual protection measures,	such as personal protective equipment
Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
Skin protection Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.
Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

, ,	•
Appearance	
Physical state	Not available.
Form	Liquid. Gel.
Color	Colorless
Odor	Citrus
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.
Flash point	97.0 °F (36.1 °C)
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or exp	losive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	0.89 g/cm³
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the decomposition temperature. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon oxides.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Not available.
Skin contact	No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.
Eye contact	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Ingestion	Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Headache. Coughing.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Not expected to be acutely toxic.	
Components	Species	Test Results
Acrylic Acid (CAS 79-10-7)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	1000 mg/kg, 24 Hours
Inhalation		
Vapor		
LC50	Rat	> 4.3 mg/l, 1 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	150 - 470 mg/kg
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7	7)	
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
Vapor		
LC50	Rat	> 33000 mg/m3, 4 Hours
Oral		5000 //
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
Ethyl Acetate (CAS 141-78-0	6)	
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 20000 mg/kg, 24 Hours
Oral	- <i>i</i>	
LD50	Rat	5.6 g/kg

Components	Species	т	est Results	
Ethyl Alcohol (CAS 64-17-5)				
<u>Acute</u>				
Inhalation				
Vapor LC50	Rat	5'	1 mg/l, 6 Hours	
t-Butanol (CAS 75-65-0)				
<u>Acute</u> Oral				
LD50	Rat	3.	5 g/kg	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.			
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Direct contact with eyes may	cause temporary irritation.		
Respiratory or skin sensitizatior	ı			
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.			
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected t	o cause skin sensitization.		
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate province to indicate province of the second secon	product or any components	present at greater than 0.1% are	
Carcinogenicity	Not classifiable as to carcinog	genicity to humans.		
ACGIH Carcinogens				
Acrylic Acid (CAS 79-10- t-Butanol (CAS 75-65-0) IARC Monographs, Overall I	7) Evaluation of Carcinogenicity	A4 Not classifiable as a A4 Not classifiable as a A4 Not classifiable as a A		
Acrylic Acid (CAS 79-10-		3 Not classifiable as to c	arcinogenicity to humans.	
Not listed.	ogram (NTP) Report on Carcin			
Not listed.				
Reproductive toxicity	Possible reproductive hazard			
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified.	Not classified.		
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.			
Aspiration hazard	Not available.			
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be	harmful.		
12. Ecological information	1			
Ecotoxicity	The product is not classified a possibility that large or freque	as environmentally hazardo nt spills can have a harmfu	us. However, this does not exclude the Il or damaging effect on the environment.	
Components	Species		Test Results	
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7) Aquatic				
-	LC50 Fathead minn	ow (Pimephales promelas)	23.03 - 42.07 mg/l, 96 hours	
Ethyl Acetate (CAS 141-78-6) Aquatic				
-	LC50 Indian catfish	(Heteropneustes fossilis)	200.32 - 225.42 mg/l, 96 hours	
Ethyl Alcohol (CAS 64-17-5) Aquatic				
-	EC50 Water flea (Da	aphnia magna)	7.7 - 11.2 mg/l, 48 hours	
		ow (Pimephales promelas)	-	
t-Butanol (CAS 75-65-0)		(U / · · · ·	
Aquatic				
-	EC50 Water flea (Da	aphnia magna)	4607 - 6577 mg/l, 48 hours	

Components	Species	Test Results
Fish	LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimep	hales promelas) 6130 - 6700 mg/l, 96 hours
ersistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.	
ioaccumulative potential		
Partition coefficient n-octar	ol / water (log Kow)	
Acrylic Acid	0.35	
Cyclohexane	3.44	
Ethyl Acetate Ethyl Alcohol	0.73 -0.31	
t-Butanol	0.35	
lobility in soil	Not established.	
ther adverse effects	None known.	
3. Disposal consideration	ns	
isposal instructions		containers at licensed waste disposal site. Incinerate th
	material under controlled conditions in a containers. If discarded, this product is c	n approved incinerator. Do not incinerate sealed considered a RCRA ignitable waste, D001. Dispose of cal/regional/national/international regulations.
ocal disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicabl	e regulations.
lazardous waste code	D001: Waste Flammable material with a	
	The waste code should be assigned in c disposal company.	liscussion between the user, the producer and the waste
Vaste from residues / unused		lations. Empty containers or liners may retain some
roducts	product residues. This material and its c Disposal instructions).	ontainer must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:
ontaminated packaging		oduct residue, follow label warnings even after container ken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or
4. Transport information		
от		
UN number	UN1993	
UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es)	Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Ethyl Alcohol)	
Class	3	
Subsidiary risk	-	
Label(s)	3	
Packing group	111	
Environmental hazards	Na	
Marine pollutant	No r Read safety instructions, SDS and emer	ancy procedures before handling
Special provisions	B1, B52, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29	gency procedures before handning.
Packaging exceptions	150	
Packaging non bulk	203	
Packaging bulk	242	
ATA		
UN number	UN1993	
UN proper shipping name	Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Ethyl Alcohol)	
Transport hazard class(es)		
Class	3	
Subsidiary risk	-	
Packing group		
Environmental hazards	No	
ERG Code Special precautions for use	3L r Read safety instructions, SDS and emer	aency procedures before bandling
Other information	-	geney procedures before nanding.
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed with restrictions.	
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed with restrictions.	

Allowed with restrictions.

Cargo aircraft only

IMDG

UN number UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es)	UN1993 FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Ethyl Alcohol)
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	III
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	no
EmS	F-E, <u>S-E</u>
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable. Not applicable.

DOT



General information

IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant. DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Acrylic Acid (CAS 79-10-7)	Listed.
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)	Listed.
Ethyl Acetate (CAS 141-78-6)	Listed.
SARA 304 Emergency release notification	
Not regulated.	
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1	910.1001-1053)
Not listed.	
Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 198	6 (SARA)
SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance	
Notlistad	

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Yes chemical

Classified hazard Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids) categories

SARA 313 (TRI reporting) Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Acrylic Acid (CAS 79-10-7)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated.

(SDWA)

FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

Ethyl Acetate (CAS 141-78-6)	Low priority
Ethyl Alcohol (CAS 64-17-5)	Low priority

US state regulations

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Acrylic Acid (CAS 79-10-7) Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7) Ethyl Acetate (CAS 141-78-6) Ethyl Alcohol (CAS 64-17-5) t-Butanol (CAS 75-65-0)

California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Acrylic Acid (CAS 79-10-7) Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7) Ethyl Acetate (CAS 141-78-6) t-Butanol (CAS 75-65-0)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name On	inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	Yes
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes
** ** *		

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	10-05-2020
Version #	01

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. ITW Pro Brands cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use.